

PIOB Monitoring of Comment Letters submitted by MG/IFIAR Members

to the IESBA ED "Proposed revisions to the Code to promote the Role and Mindset expected of Professional Accountants" (published in July 2019)

As of September 2020

| # | Respondent | Group | Issue | MAIN Issues/Recommendations Description | SSB's Disposition of Comment in final text approved in June 2020 | | | | |
|---|---|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Basel Committee on Banking Supervision (BCBS) | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | BCBS | MG | Support requirement to act in the public interest | The Committee agrees with IESBA's proposals in the ED, in particular the proposal to require a professional accountant to behave in a manner that is consistent with the profession's responsibility to act in the public interest and the concept of an inquiring mind. | IESBA retained in the final text the paragraph that requires all PA's to behave in a manner that is consistent with the profession's responsibility to act in the public interest, as well as the concept of "inquiring mind". | | | | |
| 2 | BCBS | MG | Clarification of requirements | Would welcome clarification on one point, namely the proposals around organisational culture and "effective application" of the IESBA Code (paragraph 120.13.A1). Recommend that the revised Code should clearly explain that its requirements apply regardless of the organisational culture within which the professional accountant operates. | IESBA strengthened the text on conditions for effective promotion of an ethical organization (Para. 120.13 A2) and included a new paragraph to reflect individuals PA's role in promoting ethical behavior and culture in their organization. As explained in the Basis for Conclusion, IESBA determined that further revisions were not necessary to address BCBS comment, as they considered that text in paras. 120.13 A1 and A2 "do not suggest, or are not likely to be perceived as suggesting, that individual PAs can use a poor ethical culture within their organizations as a reason not to comply with the requirements of the Code". | | | | |
| | Abu Dhabi Accountability | Authority (AD | AA) | | | | | | |
| 3 | ADAA | IFIAR | Clarification on compliance with Code of Ethics | Para. 100.1 A1 could be made clearer including the following caveat: "compliance with the code does not mean that professional accountants necessarily discharge their responsibility to act in the public interest in full and that it does not have the authority, legal or otherwise, to give such an assurance." | IESBA included a new paragraph (100.6 A3) that clarifies that compliance with the requirements in the Code does not necessarily mean that the PA has met its responsibility to act in the PI. | | | | |
| 4 | ADAA | IFIAR | Clarification on requirements | Section on technology could be clarified to explain how professional accountants can maintain understanding of technology related developments. | IESBA concluded that no further changes related to technology were needed, as this topic will be developed in more detail by the Technology project. | | | | |
| 5 | ADAA | IFIAR | Additional examples on bias | Suggest adding: authority bias, information bias, outcome bias, self-serving bias, status quo bias, and story bias. | IESBA decided not to include additional examples of bias to authoritative guiance, but will consider developing non-authoritative guindance going forward. | | | | |
| 6 | ADAA | IFIAR | Clarification of requirements | Consideration should be given to the case where professional accountants cannot influence the organization's internal culture. | IESBA strengthened the text on conditions for effective promotion of an ethical organization (Para. 120.13 A2) and included a new paragraph to reflect individuals PA's role in promoting ethical behavior and culture in their organization. | | | | |
| | UK Financial Reporting Co | ouncil (UK FRC) | | | | | | | |
| 7 | UK FRC | IFIAR | Strengthening requirements | Section 100 should highlight that complying with the Code and acting in the public interest requires appropriate mindset and give additional example of key characteristics and behaviours: * Understanding the needs of users of information, the accountant is associated with. * Having an inquiring mind. * Applying appropriate professional scepticism. * Acting appropriately in difficult situations. Section 111 should be strengthened to require accountants to always act appropriately when confronting dilemmas or difficult situations, rather than just having the "determination" to act appropriately. | IESBA retained the structure proposed in the ED. IESBA revised section 100 to clarify that compliance with the Code includes "giving appropriate regard to the aim and intent of the specific requirements" and to emphasize that compliance with the requirements of the Code does not mean that PAs will have always meet their responsibility to act in the public interest. Other sections develop key characteristics and behaviors expected from PAs. In section 111, IESBA replaced "determination to act appropriately" with "strength of character to act appropriately" | | | | |
| 8 | UK FRC | IFIAR | Differentiation between Inquiring mind and Professional skepticism | More emphasis should be made on the need for accountants to be satisfied with the integrity, relevance and sufficiency of information. There is an overlap between the concepts of Inquiring mind and Professional skepticism. This should be clarified in para. A120.5.A5. | IESBA revised the elements of "having an inquiring mind" in paragraph 120.5 A1 and included a reference to consideration "of the source, relevance and sufficiency of information obtained" as well as "being open and alert to a need for further investigation or other action". IESBA, in coordination with IAASB, also revised the description in paragraph 120.5 A3 of the relationaship between "inquiring mind" (expected of all PAs) and "professional skepcisism" (expected of PAs undertaking engagements to which auditing, review and other assurance standards). IESBA determined that further explanations on these two concepts should be addressed through non- authoritative guidance. | | | | |
| 9 | UK FRC | IFIAR | Strengthen approach to address bias | Professional accountants should not only be "aware of the risk of bias", but should also avoid conscious bias and seek to avoid unconscious bias. In addition, the list of examples should be described as "possible" bias. | IESBA decided to retain the guiance in ED relating to bias. Section 120.12 was revised to clarify the description of Groupthink bias, as well as including an additonal mitigating action (120.12 A2). IESBA clarified in para. 120.12 A2 that the lisf of examples is of "potential bias". | | | | |



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| 10 | UK FRC | IFIAR | Expand requirements on organizational culture | Application material should be expanded to direct professional accountants to seek to promote an appropriate ethical culture within their organization. For audit, review and other assurance firms, replace the reference to ISQM1 (which may not be adopted in all jurisdictions) by including the following within the Code: "The senior management of the firm and those with direct responsibility for the management of the firm's audit, review and other assurance and related business shall instill the necessary culture and behaviours respectively throughout the firm and that business, so as to ensure that meeting the fundamental principles and other provisions set out in the Code is paramount and overrides all commercial interest of the firm." | IESBA strengthened the text on conditions for effective promotion of an ethical organization (Para. 120.13 A2) and included a new paragraph to reflect individuals PA's role in promoting ethical behavior and culture in their organization. IESBA retained the reference to ISQM 1 in para. 120.14 A1. | | | |
| 11 | UK FRC | IFIAR | Enforceability | Encourage to give consideration to how the actions, characteristics and behaviours of professional accountants can be clearly and unambiguously evidenced, so that regulators can be satisfied that ethical and behavioural considerations have driven their work. | In several paragraphs, IESBA clarified definitions, and behaviors, simplified the language and added application material. In the Basis for Conclusion, they also acknowledge the need for further non- authoritative guidance (e.g. difference beteween inquiring mind and PS or illustrative examples of bias) that should be developed later. | | | |
| | Independent Regulatory I | Board for Audi | tors of South Africa (IRBA) | | | | | |
| 12 | IRBA | IFIAR | Raised awareness on substance of changes needed | IRBA questions whether these proposed amendments will produce a meaningful improvement to the environment. Additional awareness needs to be raised, from IESBA or at jurisdictional level. The concept of acting in the "public interest" is a critical and foundational issue in recognising the role of professional accountants and informing the professional accountant's mindset in the decision-making process. Professional bodies, national standard setters and others will need to play a more robust role in making the amendments understood and operationalized. | IESBA acknowledged the comment, however did not include additonal guidance. As explained in the Basis for conclusion, IESBA considered it would not be practicable to include such an explanation in the Code, given the principles-based nature of the Code. | | | |
| 13 | IRBA | IFIAR | Support for additions under Integrity | The inclusion of the concept of "determination to act appropriately in difficult situations" adds robustness and depth to the fundamental principle [of Integrity]. | IESBA retained additional material included under Integrity. However, based on other comments, IESBA replaced the phrase "determination to act appropriately" with "strength of character to act appropriately." | | | |
| 14 | IRBA | IFIAR | Differentiation between Inquiring mind and Questioning mind (Professional skepticism) | Auditors may find it difficult to differentiate between an inquiring mind, as per the Code, and a questioning mind, as a requirement when exercising professional scepticism. Consider including the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board's (IAASB) definition of professional scepticism in the Code | IESBA made revisions to the elements of "having an inquiring mind" in paragraph 120.5 A1. In coordination with IAASB, they also revised the description in paragraph 120.5 A3 of the relationaship between "inquiring mind" (expected of all PAs) and "professional skeptisism" (expected of PAs undertaking engagements to which auditing, review and other assurance standards). IESBA determined that further explanations on these two concepts should be addressed through non- authoritative guidance. | | | |
| 15 | IRBA | IFIAR | Supportive of approach to address bias | The proposed examples of bias offer a vocabulary that will be helpful in identifying threats to objectivity and evaluating the root cause where there has been a lack of objectivity. | IESBA retained the guidance in ED relating to bias. Section 120.12 was revised to clarify the description of Groupthink bias, as well as including an additional mitigating action (120.12 A2). | | | |
| 16 | IRBA | IFIAR | Adequate reference to ISQM1 | Support the reference to proposed ISQM1, as it provides the robust framework for implementing and monitoring an audit firm's culture. | IESBA retained the reference to ISQM 1 in para. 120.14 A1. | | | |
| 17 | IRBA | IFIAR | Additional guidance for SMPs | SMPs may require additional guidance on practicality of the amendments, as they are "abstract in nature". | In several paragraphs, IESBA clarified definitions, and behaviors, simplified the language and added application material. In the Basis for Conclusion, they also acknowledge the need for further non- authoritative guidance (e.g. difference between inquiring mind and PS or illustrative examples of bias) that should be developed later. | | | |
| 18 | IRBA | IFIAR | Enforceability | It will be difficult to find evidence of the application of an inquiring mind. As such, application may require more context to ensure behavioural changes. | IESBA made revisions to the elements of "having an inquiring mind" in paragraph 120.5 A1. In coordination with IAASB, they also revised the description in paragraph 120.5 A3 of the relationaship between "inquiring mind" (expected of all PAs) and "professional skeptisism" (expected of PAs undertaking engagements to which auditing, review and other assurance standards). IESBA determined that further explanations on these two concepts should be addressed through non- authoritative guidance. | | | |
| 19 | IRBA | IFIAR | Importance for developing nations | The proposed amendments help address concerns with regard to the value of professional accountants, especially in developing nations where public interest should be kept as a focal point for decision-making. | N/A as no changes requested to final text. | | | |